## Homework #1. Due Thursday, September 4th, in class Reading:

1. For this homework assignment: Chapter 1.

2. Before the class on Tue, Sep 2: finish reading Chapter 1. Before the class on Thu, Sep 4: Section 2.1 (finite, countable and uncountable sets).

Below Rudin x.y refers to Problem y after Chapter x in Rudin. In Problems 1,7 and 8 you can freely use all the standard properties of real and complex numbers.

## **Problems:**

**1.** (Rudin 1.8). Prove that  $\mathbb{C}$  (complex numbers) is not an ordered field.

**2.** Let *F* be an ordered field as defined in class, let *P* be its set of positive elements, and define the relation < on *F* by  $x < y \iff y - x \in P$ . Prove that *F* together with relation < is an ordered field in the sense of Rudin (Definition 1.17).

**3.** Let S be an ordered set and A and B subsets of S such that

- (i)  $a \leq b$  for any  $a \in A$  and  $b \in B$ ;
- (ii)  $\sup(A)$  and  $\inf(B)$  exist in S.

Prove that  $\sup(A) \leq \inf(B)$ .

- **4.** Rudin 1.5.
- **5.** Rudin 1.9.
- 6. Rudin 1.20.
- 7. Give a detailed and rigorous proof of the fact that

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{2n+3}{3n+4} = \frac{2}{3}.$$

8. Let k be a positive integer, and let  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^k$ . According to Theorem 1.37(e), we always have inequality  $|x+y| \leq |x|+|y|$ . Prove that equality holds if and only if x = 0 or  $y = \lambda x$  for some scalar  $\lambda \geq 0$ . Hint: Use the proof of Theorem 1.37.